

PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Callie Lorber Limping L hind.

SPECIES ULTRASONOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE BILATERAL STIFLE JOINTS

Canine ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Canine
LEFT

BREED Minimal anechoic effusion and minimal synovial swelling are noted within the supra and infrapatellar recesses of the left stifle joint. The cranial cruciate ligament appears to be continuous and well-delineated, no deviation from normal echoarchitecture is noted. Lateral and medial menisci are within their anticipated positions and align well below the bone surfaces, meniscal surfaces are even and smooth. The echotexture is hypo echoic and uniform. The joint margins are smooth, no osteophytes are seen. The infra patellar fat pad present with the expected echo architecture.

SEX
FS
RIGHT

AGE No abnormal effusion is seen within the supra- and infra patellar area. There is no evidence of synovial or capsular thickening or proliferation. The cranial cruciate ligament appears to be continuous and well-delineated, no deviation from normal echoarchitecture is noted. Lateral and medial menisci are within their anticipated positions and align well below the bone surfaces, meniscal surfaces are even and smooth. The echotexture is hypo echoic and uniform. The joint margins are smooth, no osteophytes are seen. The infra patellar fat pad present, the expected echo architecture.

7yr

INTERPRETED BY

Nele Eley (Ondreka),
DVM Dr. med. vet.,
DipECVDI

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Minimal joint effusion and synovitis of the left stifle joint
- Normal ultrasonographic presentation of the right stifle joint

HOSPITAL NAME

All Creatures
Denville

INTERPRETATION OF FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The left stifle joint shows minimal signs of synovial inflammation without identifiable structural damage to the menisci or cranial cruciate ligament.

REFERRING VET

Dr Ashmore

The findings are compatible with early or mild stifle joint irritation which may be temporary rather than advanced degenerative or mechanical pathology.

The right stifle is within normal limits. Lameness of other origin and clinical monitoring should be considered.

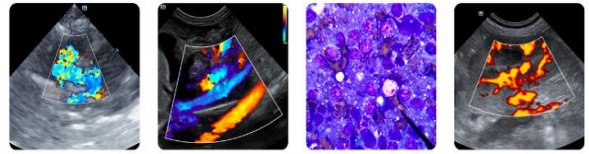
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A partial ligament rupture cannot be fully excluded at this time. Follow-up ultrasound examination in 6-8 weeks is recommended to reassess the region, monitor progression, and clarify these potential findings.

DATE

11/21/2025



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BREED

Poodle

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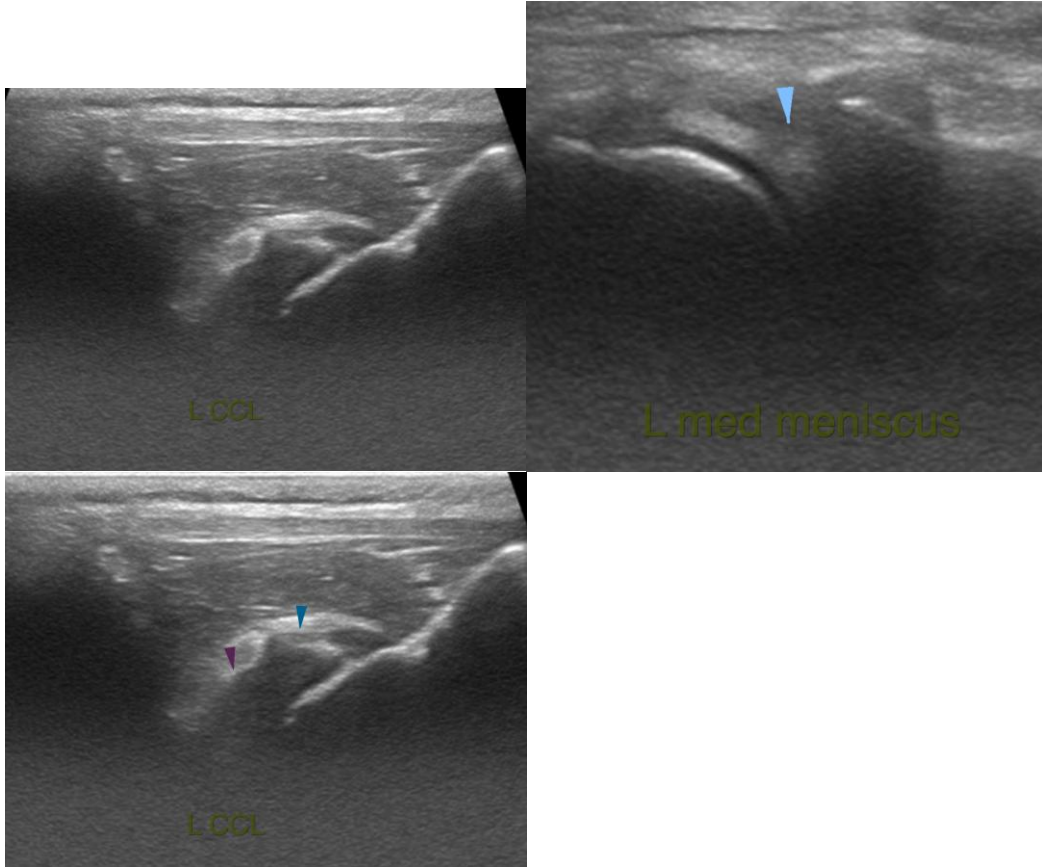
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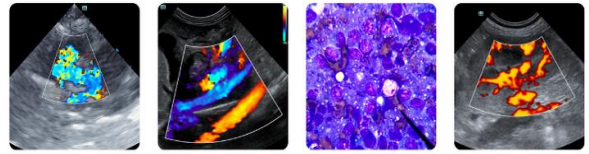
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Nele Eley (Ondreka), DVM, Dr. med. vet., DipECVDI
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info@sonopath.com



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